

B23006. EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS FOR THE POPULATION 25 TO 64 YEARS - Universe: POPULATION 25 TO 64 YEARS

Data Set: 2006 American Community Survey

Survey: 2006 American Community Survey

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	371,595	+/-2,431
Less than high school graduate:	31,928	+/-3,118
In labor force:	20,608	+/-2,417
In Armed Forces	0	+/-235
Civilian:	20,608	+/-2,417
Employed	17,085	+/-2,194
Unemployed	3,523	+/-960
Not in labor force	11,320	+/-2,001
High school graduate:	106,678	+/-4,740
In labor force:	81,564	+/-3,764
In Armed Forces	1,010	+/-556
Civilian:	80,554	+/-3,823
Employed	72,108	+/-3,508
Unemployed	8,446	+/-1,615
Not in labor force	25,114	+/-2,740
Some college or associate's degree:	130,836	+/-4,835
In labor force:	105,280	+/-4,300
In Armed Forces	4,491	+/-1,070
Civilian:	100,789	+/-4,290
Employed	94,415	+/-4,283
Unemployed	6,374	+/-1,134
Not in labor force	25,556	+/-2,687
Bachelor's degree or higher:	102,153	+/-4,663
In labor force:	86,685	+/-4,184
In Armed Forces	1,846	+/-523
Civilian:	84,839	+/-4,188
Employed	82,924	+/-4,170
Unemployed	1,915	+/-978
Not in labor force	15,468	+/-1,695

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to [Labor Force Guidance](#).

While the 2006 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2005 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

- Explanation of Symbols:
1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
  2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
  3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
  4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
  5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
  6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

Standard Error/Variance documentation for this dataset:

[2006 Accuracy of the Data](#)